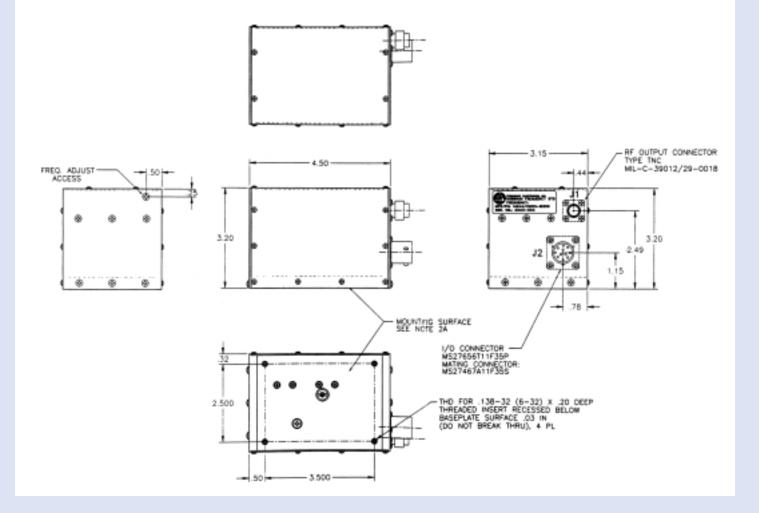
OUTLINE DRAWING



FEIC Has a Full Line of Commercial Rubidium Frequency Standards.



FEI Communications, Inc. 北京建普奇正技术发展有限公司⁷ 地址:北京市海淀区中关村南大街31号 神舟大厦 709室 电话:+86 10 6811 8120 传真:+86 10 6811 8130 网址:www.ojumpo.cn Email:info@ojumpo.cn

RUBIDIUM ATOMIC FREQUENCY STANDARDS FE-5600M SERIES



FEATURES

- FAST WARM-UP
- MIL-E-5400 CLASS II
- LIGHTWEIGHT-SMALL-RUGGED
- RAW AIRCRAFT POWER OPERATION
- MODULAR CONSTRUCTION



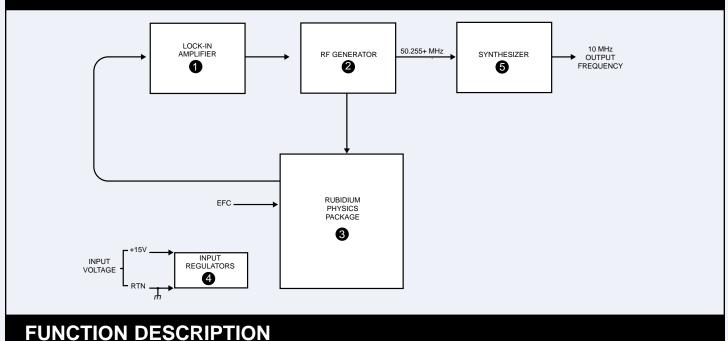
TECHNICAL CHARACTERISTICS

ELECTRICAL @ 25°C (unless otherwise specified)			ENVIRONMENTAL TEMPERATURE Operating:	-55°C to +71°C baseplate frequency change <±3 x 10 ⁻¹⁰ -62°C to +95°C
FREQUENCY:	10 MHz		Non-Operating:	
SETTABILITY (Frequency):	±1 x 10 ⁻¹¹		HUMIDITY:	MIL-STD-810, Method 507.1, Proc. 1
ADJUSTMENT RANGE:	3 x 10 ⁻⁹		TEMPERATURE SHOCK:	
LONG TERM STABILITY:	4 x 10 ⁻¹¹ /mo. 2 x 10 ⁻¹⁰ /year			MIL-E-5400, Class II except 71°C baseplate 0-40°F and Class I curve A>40,000 ft.
SHORT-TERM STABILITY: AVERAGING TIME (SEC):	10 ¹ 4.4 x	< 10 ⁻¹¹ < 10 ⁻¹² < 10 ⁻¹²	MAGNETIC FIELD: PRESSURE: ACCELERATION:	2 x 10 ⁻¹¹ per Gauss (worst case orientation) 1 x 10 ⁻¹³ /m bar <2 x 10 ⁻⁹ /g
SSB PHASE NOISE:			VIBRATION:	Random-MIL-STD-810 Method 514.2 (5 g rms) Sine - MIL-STD-810
OFFSET FROM SIGNAL:	10MHz Phase noise (1 H Hz 10 ¹ 10 ² 10 ³	lz BW) dBc 90 125 145	SHOCK Bench:	Method 514.2,Proc. VIII (Curve W) MIL-STD-810, Method 516.2, Half sinewave 20g peak, 11 millisec
WARM-UP TIME:	<pre><4 min. to 5 x 10^{-10} @ 25°C</pre> <10 min. to 5 x 10^{-10} @ -55°C		OPERATIONAL: EMC/EMI:	duration MIL-STD-810, Method 516.2, Proc. 1 MIL-STD-462
RETRACE:	1 x 10 ⁻¹¹ when measured at the same temperature, power off <24 hrs. 0.5 VRMS into 50 ohms		WEIGHT: SIZE:	<2.5 pounds 3.25" x 3.25" x 4.5"
OUTPUT VOLTAGE:			SIZE.	3.25 x 3.25 x 4.5
HARMONIC DISTORTION:	-30dB			
NON- HARMONICALLY RELATED OUTPUT:	-60dB		Typical Phase Noise vs. Frequency	
VOLTAGE VARIATION:	<1 x 10 ⁻¹¹ for input voltage range		-90	
POWER CONSUMPTION:	25°C -55°C		-110 ± -120 -130 -130	
During Warm-Up: After Warm-Up:	45 watts max 15 watts max	45 watts max 20 watts max	-140 -150 -160	Mar
VOLTAGE REQUIRED:	MIL-STD-704, 22 TO 32 Vdc		-170 100	1K 10K 100K

FREQUENCY (HZ)

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RUBIDIUM FREQUENCY STANDARDS



The RFS uses the property of atomic resonance in a Rubidium Physics Package to control the output frequency of a 50.255+ MHz Voltage Controlled Crystal Oscillator (VCXO) via a Frequency Lock Loop (FLL). The FLL functional blocks consist of an RF Generator, Lock-in Amplifier and the Rubidium Physics Package. Frequency locking of the VCXO is accomplished by operating the Rubidium Physics Package as a frequency discriminator, i.e., departures of a frequency derived from an input signal (50.255+ MHz from the VCXO) from a defined center frequency (Rubidium atomic resonance) produce a DC output signal (control voltage). Once the FLL has been established, the system generates a loop-locked indication which can be monitored on pin 3. Depending on the option selected, the 50.255+ MHz VCXO output is used as the clock input for the DDS within the Synthesizer, the Digital Programmable Synthesizer or Buffer Amplifier.

The Rubidium Physics Package utilizes the ground-state hyperfine transition of the Rubidium atom, at approximately 6.8+ GHz. In order to use this atomic transition, the Rubidium Physics Package incorporates a Rubidium cell, Rubidium lamp, and servo electronics. The VCXO is locked to the Rubidium atomic resonance at 6.8+ GHz. The VCXO frequency of 50.255+ MHz is an exact sub-multiple (x136) of the atomic resonance frequency at 6.8+ GHz.

The error signal is generated in the physics package. Light from the Rubidium lamp, produced by an excited plasma discharge, is filtered and passed through the Rubidium resonance cell where it interacts with Rubidium atoms in the vapor. After passing through the resonance cell, this light is incident upon a photocell. When the applied microwave frequency is equal to 6.8+ GHz, the Rubidium atoms are resonated by the microwave field in the cavity; this causes the light reaching the photocell to decrease. The decrease in light, when the microwave frequency is equal to the sharply defined Rubidium frequency, is then converted electronically to an error signal with phase and amplitude information that is used to steer the VCXO via its control voltage and keep it on frequency at 50.255+ MHz.

The input frequency is provided from a digitally Programmable Synthesizer.



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